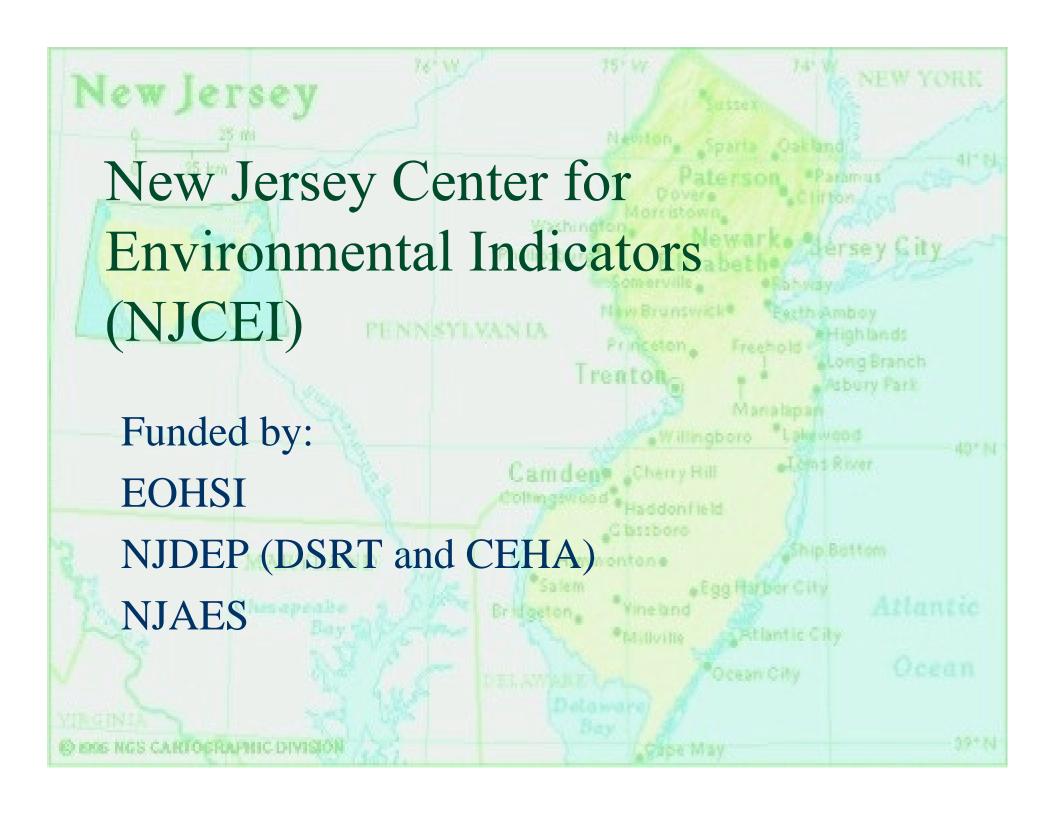
# Developing Environmental Indicators Through State, County and Municipal Partnerships

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#### NJCEI Purpose

Main purpose is to work with practitioners and scientists from academic institutions, governmental and non-governmental research programs and from NJDEP to develop and use the most applicable environmental indicators to inform scientifically sound decision-making.

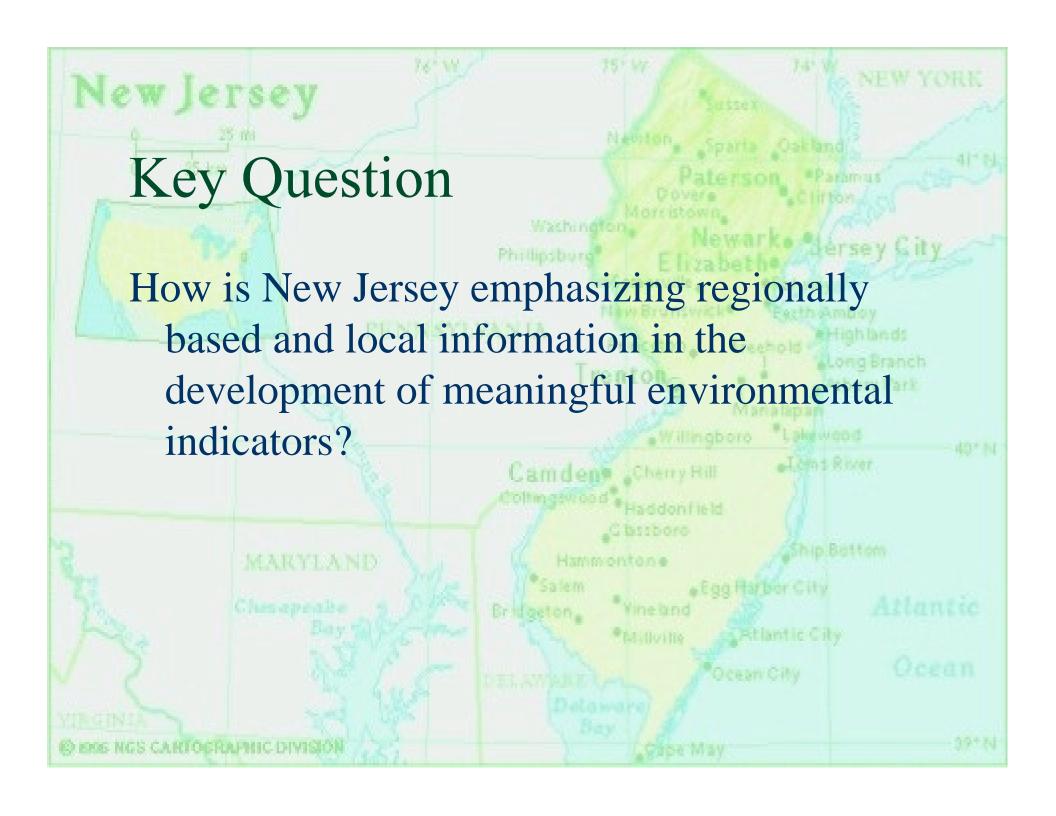
## Examples of NJCEI Research

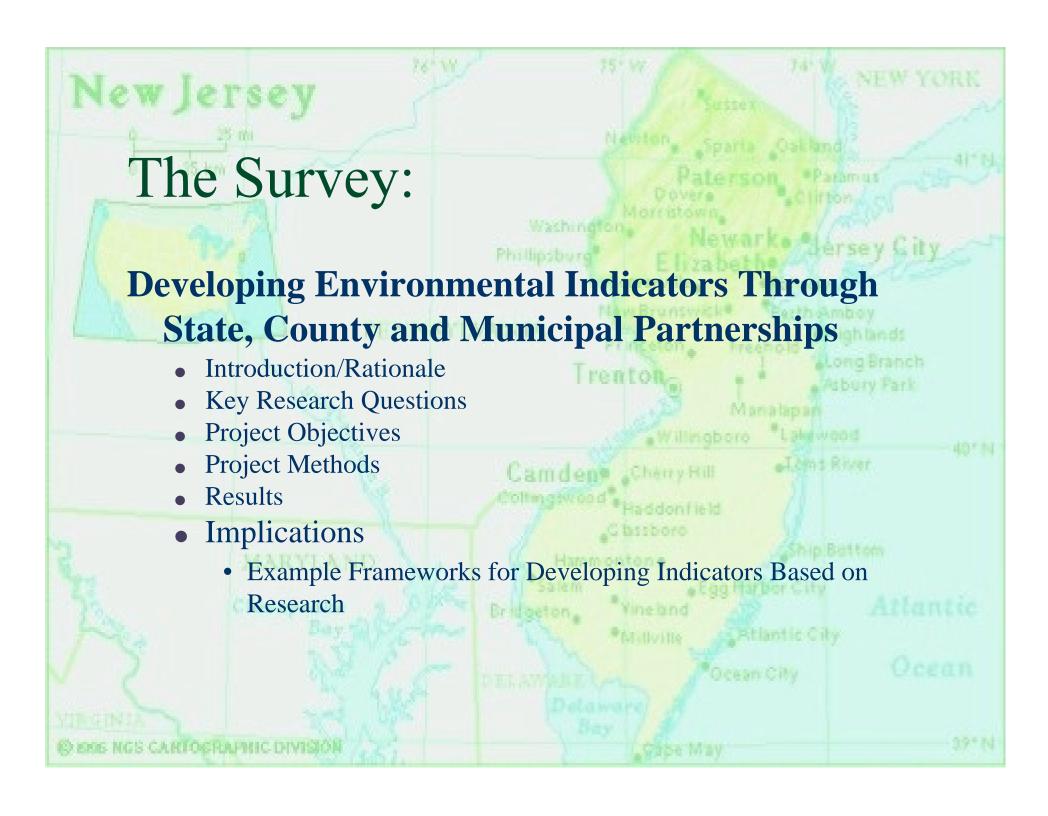
Areas such as: Air, Communication, Mercury, Ecosystems etc.

**Examples:** 

Investigation of Establishing as Indicator
Linking Respiratory Health and Air
Pollution Data (1997)

County and Community Environmental Indicators (1998-2000)





#### Introduction/Rationale

- Design Principles for Effective Performance
   Measurement Systems
  - 1. Data reliability/availability
  - 2. Issue relevance and usefulness
  - 3. Also other criteria- accountability (within environmental agencies) ability to institutionalize or operationalize.

#### Introduction/Rationale (cont'd)

- NJ DEP in consultation with scientists and members of the public, developed more than 140 indicators for environmental quality
- Two mechanism, the County Indicators Working Group
- County Environmental Health Agency

#### **Key Research Questions:**

- What environmental data have counties collected?
- What environmental goals and issues have been identified in counties?
- What is required to create partnerships between counties and the state toward developing environmental indicators?

#### **Project Objectives**

- Determine resources (funding, staff..) that
   exist in counties
- Determine gaps in capacity and resources
- Catalogue environmental data collected
- Determine county priorities and areas of interest
- Recommend mechanisms for state-county partnerships

#### **Project Methods**

- Questionnaire developed in consultation with working group representatives from CEHA, Watershed, Green Acres, Water, Science, Research & Technology, GIS, Environmental Planning and Science and a representative from the Office of State Planning
- Pretested survey with 2 Counties Hudson and Burlington
- Validated results
- Case study with Municipality of Bayonne (a heavily urbanized municipality in Hudson County)



- County Capacity Profiles
  - Four examples: Environmental Priorities, County
     Planning, Data Collected and GIS Capacity

Camden Charry Hill

Egg Harber City

- Key Challenges
- Additional Resources Required by Counties
- Needs to realize partnerships
- Specific Indicators

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## County Capacity Profiles

- 21 Profiles include:
  - Top environmental priorities identified by counties
  - Status of county planning processes
  - GIS capacity
  - Indicators
  - Challenges

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Resource and Capacity Needs

#### Example 1:

#### Top environmental priorities

- Range of responses
- Themes common across counties (regional issues):
  - Open space 65%
  - Water quality and watershed management 40%
  - Continued economic development, solid waste management, and air pollution

Example 2:

County planning status

- 5 counties with plans from 1995 to 1998
- 1 county with a plan from 1990-1994
- 6 counties with plans from 1985-1989
- 3 counties have Master Plans that date from the late seventies
- Hudson has an ongoing process

#### Example 3:

#### Environmental Database of

## **Unreported Capacity**

**County** Monmouth

Topic Description Tax/ Parcel Atlas

What Cadastral layer of Monmouth County (All tax map information), MODIV (database) Link to each individual parcel

When Sept. 1999

Where Monmouth County

Methods Scanning, ArcInfo editing

Format Shapefile & ArcInfo files

Who John Doe

#### Example 4:

### GIS Capacity

- Most counties have the capacity for both ARCVIEW and ARCINFO
- GIS capacity funded through a range of sources from county tax, CEHA, Engineering bonds, etc.
- GIS is identified as an important tool for management, but underutilized due to lack of training and lack of access to State datasets

# **Key Challenges for Indicator Development**

- Geographic variability
- Multiple and overlapping objectives
- Parallel processes in watershed and planning programs
- Lack of coordination between different levels of government
- Coordination and management of data

# Additional resources required by counties

- Staff to maintain databases and data management systems
- Stable funding
- Training courses for data management
- GIS technology and equipment upgrade
- Data access-timely and coordinated



#### Needs to Realize Partnerships

Washington

- Strengthen role of CEHA (or other existing State infrastructure)
- Minimize conflicting and overlapping permit requirements
- Link indicators initiatives

# Specific Environmental Indicators

- Key areas are water quality and air quality
- Solid waste, shellfish beds, vehicle traffic, recycling, ground water, asthma attacks and vegetation in streams and bays
- Each county proposed a lists of Indicators (excepting those that did not respond to this question)

# Specific Environmental Indicators-Hudson

- Water quality (surface water monitoring)
- Air quality (supplement existing air quality monitoring stations)
- Recreational use of waterways
- Brownfield revitalization
- Data already collected: solid waste, parks and rec, planning/land use, road infrastructure, water quality fecal coliform and storm sewer outfalls, lead exposure

## City of Bayonne Environmental Goals

Phillipsburg

#### Water Quality Issues

- \* Combined sewer overflows
- \* Solids/Floatables

#### Open space Preservation and Recreation

- \* Parks
- \* Hudson River Walkway
- \* Coastal and Freshwater Wetlands
- \*Status of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife

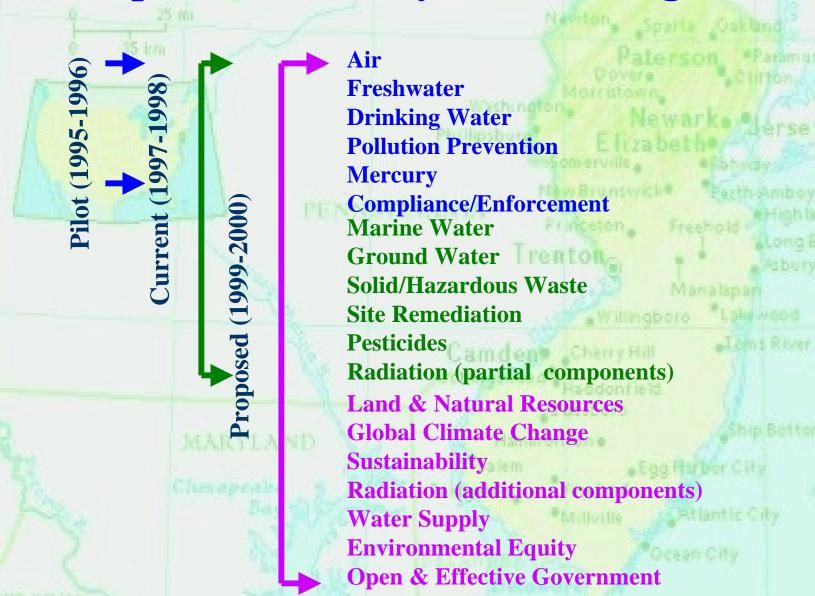
#### Brownfields

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#### **Environmental Education**

\*Watershed Education/Urban Fishing Program

#### **Scope of New Jersey NEPPS Program**



#### State

Air

**Freshwater** 

**Drinking Water** 

**Pollution Prevention** 

**Mercury** 

**Compliance/Enforcement** 

**Marine Water Ground Water** Solid/Hazardous Waste **Site Remediation Pesticides** 

Radiation (partial components)

#### **Hudson County**

Water quality (surface water monitoring)

Air quality (supplement existing air quality monitoring stations)

Recreational use of waterways

Brownfield revitalization

Municipality of Bayonne

Water Quality Issues Combined sewer overflows Solids/Floatables Open space Preservation and Recreation Parks

and Goals Nested

Data

solid waste, parks and rec, planning/land use, road infrastructure. lead exposure

**Hudson River Walkway** 

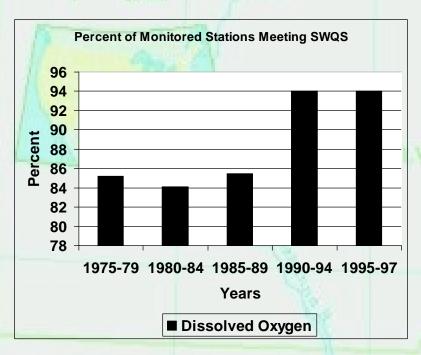
Coastal and Freshwater Wetlands Status of Endangered and Threatened

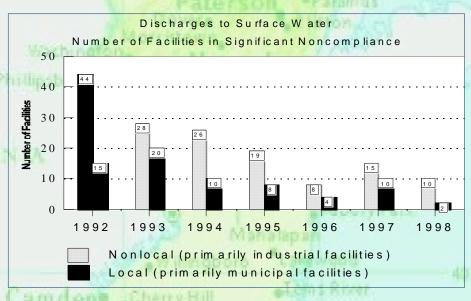
Wildlife

Brownfields

**Environmental Education** 

# **Potential Causes/Sources of Benthic Impairment**





#### **Other Potential Causes:**

Sediment quality Flow Alteration Other water contaminants
Habitat degradation

Land use/Land cover changes

### Co-operative Management

Priority Setting, Data from state programs, standards and training

State coordinated
Data management
and analysis

County/Municipality coordinated data monitoring

Municipal and county priorities and data

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#### Conclusions/Challenges

- **♦Data** quality
- Data availability
- **♦** Data representativeness
- **♦** Alignment between measures & goals
  - Significance beyond that directly associated with a parameter value

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## Conclusions/Challenges (Cont'd)

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. Egg Harbor City

- **♦ Need to integrate county and municipality goals and indicators into state systems**
- **♦** Address need for adequate resources for monitoring, assessment and information management in a systematic way

# Developing Environmental Indicators Through State, County and Municipal Partnerships

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Full report available from New Jersey
Department of Environmental
Protection, DSRT